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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/562,861	04/11/2006	Jens Eberhardt	EBER3001/JEK	6364
23364 BACON & TH	7590 11/16/200 OMAS. PLLC	EXAMINER		
625 SLATERS LANE FOURTH FLOOR ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			LABAZE, EDWYN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2876	
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			11/16/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	10/562,861	EBERHARDT ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	EDWYN LABAZE	2876				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 Ap	oril 2006					
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are pending in the application.	4) Claim(s) 1-31 is/are pending in the application					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-28 and 31</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>29 and 30</u> is/are objected to.						
· _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers		,				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>11 April 2006</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
·						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/17/2006</u> .  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application  6) Other:						
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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

- 1. Receipt is acknowledged of IDS filed on 2/17/2006.
- 2. Receipt is acknowledged of preliminary amendments filed on 12/29/2005.
- 3. This application is a 371 of PCT/EP04/07001 filed on 6/28/2004.
- 4. Claims 1-31 are presented for examination.

# **Priority**

5. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

# Claim Objections

6. Claims 6 and 12-13 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Re claim 6 (page 4, line 13): There is no antecedent basis for the limitations "the check result". The applicant is respectfully requested to substitute "the check result" with "a check result".

Re claims 12-13 (page 5, lines 18 & 25 respectively): Substitute "the future" with "a future" and "the range" with "a range".

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claims 1-28 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kunz et al. (US 2004/0225407) in view of Konya (U.S. 5,937,396).

Re claims 1, 3, 7, 12, 17, 19, 20, and 22-23: Kunz et al. discloses device for working sheet-like material, which includes: a first bank note processing machine {herein apparatus 1} with at least one input pocket {herein pocket 10/20}, at least one checking device {herein checking device 30} and at least one output pocket for subjecting the bank notes of a deposit {herein deposit devices 50/51/52, 60/61/62} to a first checking operation (paragraphs 14-26); a second bank note processing machine {herein apparatus 100} with at least one input pocket {herein pocket 110}, at least one checking device {herein checking device 130} and at least one output pocket for subjecting bank notes of the deposit {herein deposit devices 150/151, 160/161/162} that were previously checked by the first bank note processing machine to a second checking operation (paragraphs 29-38, 44). Kunz et al. further teaches that an external checking device or a separate control device can be provided to which the data of the check by checking devices 30 and 130 are transferred in order to be displayed to an operator (paragraphs 33-36).

Kunz et al. fails to specifically teach an evaluation device to which data of both the first and second checking operations are supplied for performing an evaluation of the deposit on the basis of both the first and second checking operations.

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Konya teaches system for ATM/ATM transfers, which includes a first ATM 14 and a second ATM 16 and a main computer 12/52 for interconnecting and controlling both ATM (see figs.# 1 & 5; col.7, lines 38-67; col.8, lines 36-43; col.9, lines 38-65).

In view of Konya's teachings, it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ into the teachings of Kunz et al. a separate control device as an evaluation device to which data of both the first and second checking operations are supplied for performing an evaluation of the deposit on the basis of both the first and second checking operations so as to oversee the final checking of both processing devices. Such modification would be more effective in enabling an operator to correlate the results, after transmission on both checking devices, better distinction between the relative differences of authentic bank notes BN and forgeries. Therefore, such modification would have been an obvious extension as taught by Kunz et al.

Re claims 2 and 21: Kunz et al. teaches a system, wherein the second bank note processing machine differs with regard to functionality {herein Kunz et al. teaches that the bank notes are transported at different speeds in apparatuses 1 and 100} and/or efficiency in comparison with the first bank note processing machine (paragraphs 32-33).

Re claims 4 and 31: Kunz et al. teaches a system, wherein different types of deposits, such as deposits of different size or different customers, are checked automatically by different bank note processing machines and/or with different processing sequences {herein Kunz et al. teaches that the checking device 130 contains sensors that check features of the sheet material, or bank notes, that differ from the features checked by the sensors contained in checking device 30} and/or having a higher maximum hourly throughput (paragraphs 2-3, 30-33, 50-51).

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Re claims 5-6: Kunz et al. discloses a system, wherein when checking the same deposit the second bank note processing machine performs different checking operations or the same checking operations, optionally with different accuracy and/or different acceptance criteria, from the first bank note processing machine, wherein in the second checking operation in the second bank note processing machine only certain bank notes of the deposit are checked for certain check criteria, in dependence on the check result of the first checking operation in the first bank note processing machine (paragraphs 18, 40).

Re claims 8-9, 15-16, and 24: Kunz et al. discloses a system, wherein the first bank note processing machine performs an authenticity check without a fitness check, and the second bank note processing machine performs a fitness check optionally without an authenticity check, wherein the first bank note processing machine performs an authenticity check, determination of denomination and orientation sorting of the bank notes (BN) of the deposit, and the second bank note processing machine performs a fitness check of the authentic bank notes (BN) of the same deposit sorted according to orientation (paragraphs 14, 17, 40).

Re claims 10 and 27: Kunz et al. teaches a system, including at-least that a reader unit for reading a unique bank note feature, such as unique measuring features {herein machine-readable barcode} of the bank notes (BN), and/or a reader {herein Kunz et al. described if an invisible ink was used, a corresponding reading device must be used to make the markings visible} for the serial number of the bank notes (BN) is integrated in the first bank note processing machine (paragraph 47).

Re claims 11: Kunz et al. discloses a system, wherein for inserting cassettes of different constructions the first and/or the second bank note processing machine has a plurality of

different, firmly mounted adapters or at least one replaceable adapter {although not specifically

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defined by the applicant (see figs.# 1 & 2).

Re claims 13-14: The teachings of Kunz et al. and Konya have been discussed above.

Both Kunz et al. and Konya fails to specifically a surveillance camera in a room where

the bank notes of the deposit are processed.

However, a surveillance camera in a room is well-known in the art for providing

continuous visual information of the enclosed area.

It would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made to employ into the teachings of Kunz et al. a surveillance camera as it is

common in all ATM machine for recording visual data of all users while depositing and/or

withdrawing money from the terminal. Therefore, such modification would have been an

obvious extension as taught by Kunz et al.

Re claim 17: Kunz et al. Teaches a system, wherein at least one output pocket of the first

bank note processing machine is connected to at least one input pocket 70 of the second bank

note processing machine via a dispatch tube connection (paragraphs 20, 22, 24, 27).

Re claims 18 and 28: Kunz et al. discloses a system, wherein the bank notes (BN) are

stacked in the first bank note processing machine in a dispatch tube container {herein interpreted

as transport device 70}, and are singled out of the dispatch tube container in the second bank

note processing machine connected to the first bank note processing machine via a dispatch tube

connection (paragraphs 20, 22, 24, 27).

Re claim 25: Kunz et al. teaches a system, wherein, upon a successive check {herein

Kunz et al. means of rechecking the bank notes by the checking device on the other apparatus

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and means of performing subsequent rechecks} of the bank notes (BN) of a deposit in two bank note processing machines, the accounting of the deposit is already effected after the first checking operation in the first bank note processing machine (paragraphs 20, 25-28, 36, 44-46). Re claim 26: Kunz et al. discloses a system, including using at that transport containers for the deposits, said containers including, and/or have added to them have a chip with a memory {herein Kunz et al. teaches that checking device 30 contains a controller, which can be formed for example by a microprocessor} and wherein one part of the data to be passed on to the evaluation device and relating to the particular deposit is already prestored in said chip, and for compiling deposits to be processed only a remaining part of the data to be passed in to the evaluation device and relating to the particular deposit is stored in the chip (paragraph 14, 25-41).

## Allowable Subject Matter

- 9. Claims 29-30 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 10. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art of record, taken alone or in combination with any other references, fails to specifically teach that wherein a check is made as to whether there are deviations between the actual data of the deposit which were determined by the evaluation device on the basis of the checking operations of the first and/or second bank note processing machines, and the target data of the deposit which were already fixed before the carrying out of the checking operations. These

limitations in conjunction with any other limitations in the claimed invention were not shown by the prior art of record.

### Conclusion

11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Yuge et al. (U.S. 5,247,159) discloses bill depositing/withdrawing system of the circulation type.

Mazur (U.S. 6,012,565) teaches intelligent currency handling system.

Hallowell et al. (U.S. 7,103,438) discloses system and method for searching and verifying documents in a document processing device.

Davis et al. (US 2006/0120560) teaches data transmission by watermark proxy.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to EDWYN LABAZE whose telephone number is (571) 272-2395.

The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30 AM - 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Lee can be reached on (571) 272-2398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Edward laborate

El Edwyn Labaze Patent Examiner Art Unit 2876

November 11, 2007